SAFETY DATA SHEET

Acetone

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Acetone

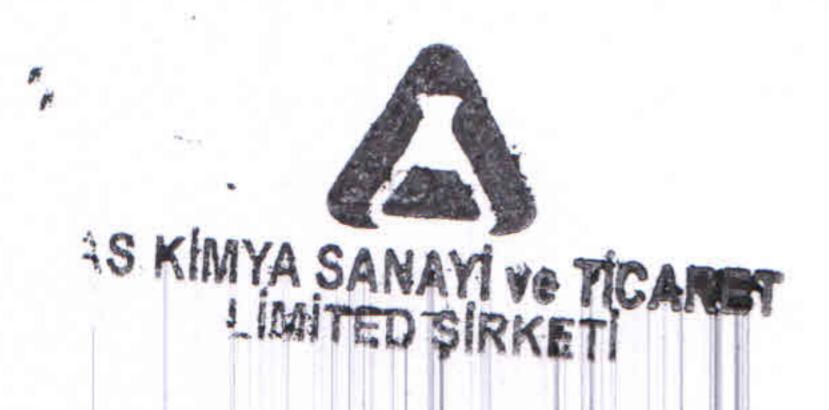
Chemical name

: Acetone

Product type

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against



Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

\$PECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) [Narcotic effects] -

Category 3

GHS label elements

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

Wear protective gloves: 4-8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling

equipment.

Response

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

Storage Disposal Symbol

Keep cool.

Not applicable.





Other hazards which do not

None identified.

result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Substance

Chemical name

Acetone

Chemical formula

C3-H6-O

Other means of

2-Propanone; propan-2-one; propanone; methyl ketone; dimethyl ketone

identification

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number

67-64-1

EC number

200-662-2

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Acetone	>99.5	67-64-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or

waistband.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air

and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.

Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and

stomach.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin : No specific data.

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

watering redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable

Not suitable

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Special precautions for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
Acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 1188 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 1782 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).		

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. Recommended: organic vapor filter (Type AX)

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. 4-8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Eye protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be

worn.

Skin protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist

before handling this product.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color Clear.

Odor : Sweetish. Pungent.

Odor threshold : 62 ppm

pH : Not available. **Melting point** : -95°C (-139°F) **Boiling point** : 56°C (132.8°F)

lash point : Closed cup: -20°C (-4°F)

Burning time : Not applicable. **Burning rate** : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : 6.06 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open

flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Lower: 2.1% Upper: 13%

: 24.7 kPa (185.27 mm Hg) [20°C] Vapor pressure

Vapor density : 2 [Air = 1] Relative density : 0.7919

Solubility : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: -0.2

Auto-ignition temperature : 464°C (867.2°F) Decomposition temperature : Not available. SADT : Not available. √iscosity

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Not applicable. Heat of combustion : Not available. Ignition distance : Not applicable. Enclosed space ignition -: Not applicable. Time equivalent

Enclosed space ignition -

: Not available.

Deflagration density

: Not applicable.

Flame height : Not applicable. Flame duration : Not applicable.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and

dizziness.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and

stomach.

Skin contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Ingestion

: No specific data. : No specific data.

Skin contact Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LDLo Dermal	Rat Rat Rabbit	50100 mg/m3 5800 mg/kg 20 mL/kg	8 hours -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	_		-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Teratogenicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	Not determined	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
Acetone	Acute LC50 7550000 ug/L Fresh water Acute LC50 10000 ug/L Fresh water Acute LC50 >100000 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - 0.2 to 0.5 g	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours	

Persistence/degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Acetone	-0.2	1	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
UN Class	UN1090	ACETONE	3	11	3	
ADR/RID Class	UN1090	ACETONE	3		3	Hazard identification number 33 Limited quantity LQ4 Tunnel code (D/E)
IATA Class	UN1090	Acetone	3			Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L Packaging instructions: 305 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 307 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: Y305
IMDG Class	UN1090	ACETONE	3	11	3	

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

National Inventory List

: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted. China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or

exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory: All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions

: Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

United States

California Prop. 65

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Acetone	No.	No.	No.	No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada)

Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

International regulations

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule I

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule II

Chemicals

: Not listed

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule III

Chemicals

: Not listed

Section 16. Other information

History

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Key to abbreviations

: ADN/ADNR = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

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Section 16. Other information

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is at the date of its issuance to the best of our knowledge correct according to the data available to us. The information is meant as a guideline for safe use, handling, disposal, storage and transport of products and does not imply any warranty (not implied nor explicitly) or specification. The Supplier shall to the extent permitted by law not be liable for any error or incorrectness in the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet. The information relates exclusively to the specified products, which may not be suitable for combination with other materials or use in processes other than those specifically described here.

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